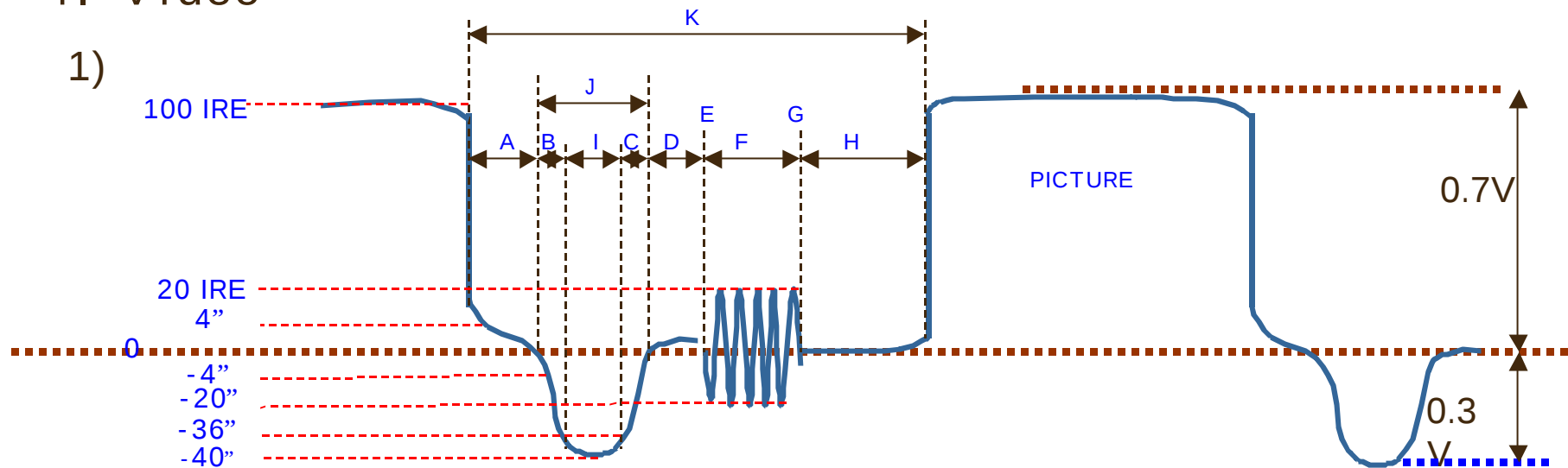


4. Video

1)



A: Front Porch 1.27ms

B: Rise Time 0.25ms

C: Fall Time 0.25ms

D: Breeze Way 0.620ms (picture가)

E: Start of Burst

F: Color Burst (picture)

G: End of Burst

H: Back Porch 3.81ms

I : Horizontal Sync Rise and Fall Time Width 1.25ms

J: Horizontal Sync Pulse Width 4.45 ~ 5.08ms

K: Horizontal Blanking Pulse Width 10.49 ~ 11.44ms

2) (Frequency Response)

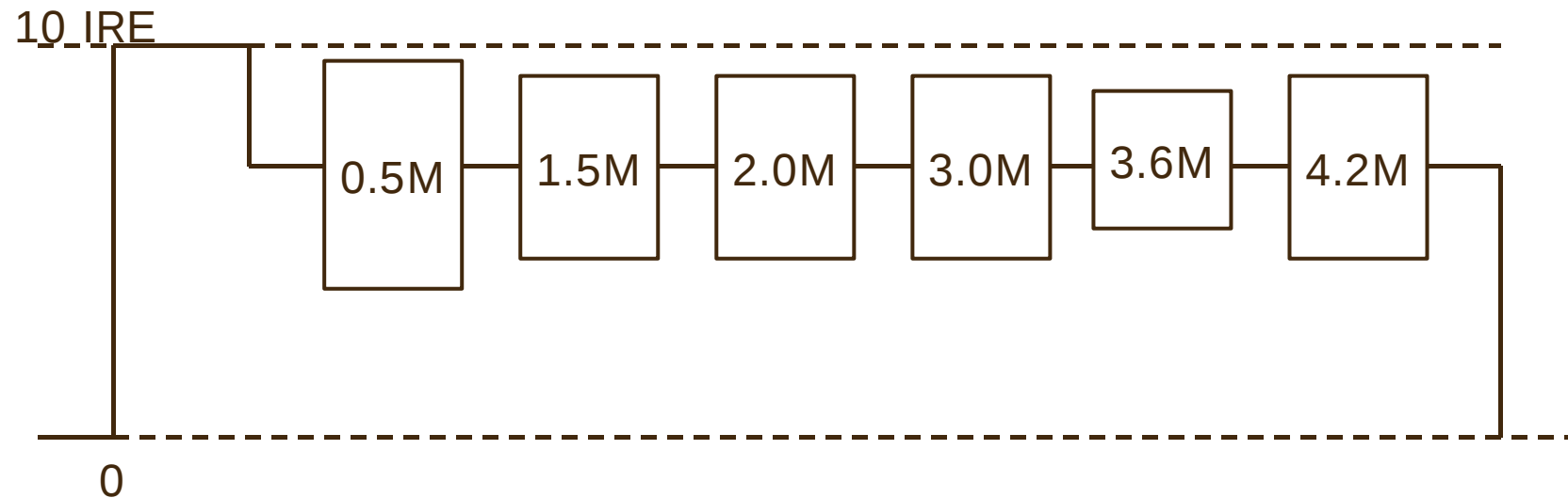
- Video B/B
Multiburst Pattern 6 response
- Waveform scope burst 4.2[MHz]
10 IRE가 Reference White down 90 IRE
White Reference Level -0.9[dB]가 Down

- 0.5, 1.5, 2.0, 3.0, 3.6, 4.2 [MHz]

- ◆ 1) : Level Step
- ◆ 2) : Non-linear Distortions
- ◆ 3) : 0.5 [MHz] 100 IRE

IRE

dB



0.5MHz => 100 IRE => 0 dB

3.0MHz => 97 IRE => -0.3

dB($\approx 20\log 97/100$)

1.5MHz => 98 IRE => -0.2 dB

3.6MHz => 95 IRE => -0.5 dB

2.0MHz => 98 IRE => -0.2 dB

4.2MHz => 96 IRE => -0.4 dB

3) (Differential Gain)

DG X(+ peak)

$$D_{11} = \frac{\text{Max Chrominance} - \text{Chrominance}}{\text{Chrominance}} \times 100$$

$$= \left| \frac{\text{Max}(a_0 \sim a_5) - a_0}{a_0} \right| \times 100 [\%]$$

DG Y(- peak)

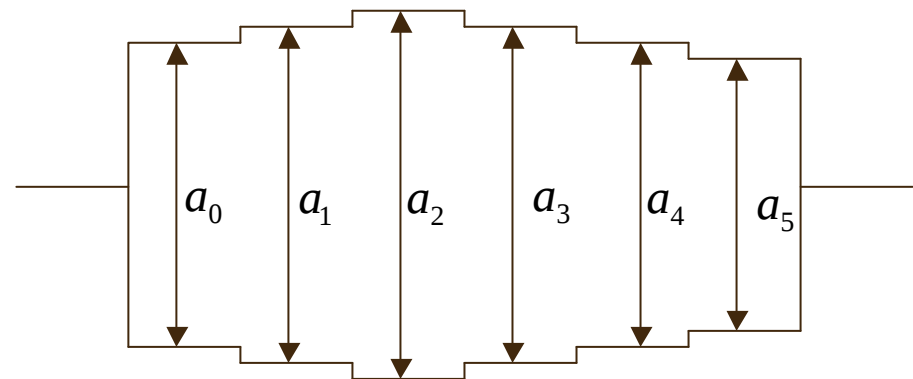
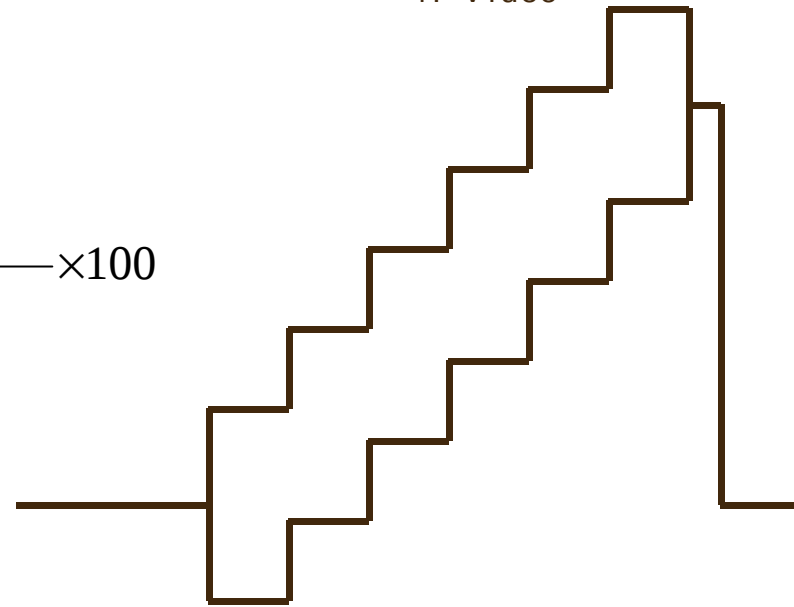
$$D_{11} = \frac{\text{Min Chrominance} - \text{Chrominance}}{\text{Chrominance}} \times 100$$

$$= \left| \frac{\text{Min}(a_0 \sim a_5) - a_0}{a_0} \right| \times 100 [\%]$$

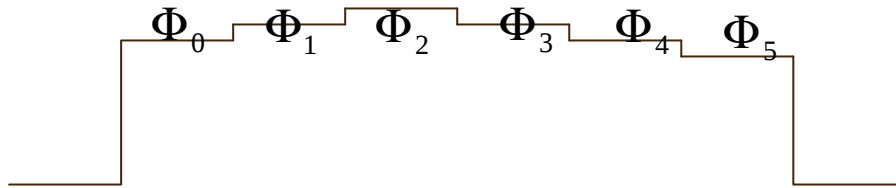
DG X+Y (peak to peak)

$$D_{15} = D_{11} + D_{13} [\%]$$

4. Video



4) (Differential Phase)



subcarrier

DP X(+ peak)

$$D_{12} = \text{Maximum phase} - \text{reference phase}$$

$$= |Max(\Phi_0 \sim \Phi_5) - \Phi_0| [\text{degree}]$$

DP Y(- peak)

$$D_{14} = \text{Minimum phase} - \text{reference phase}$$

$$= |Min(\Phi_0 \sim \Phi_5) - \Phi_0| [\text{degree}]$$

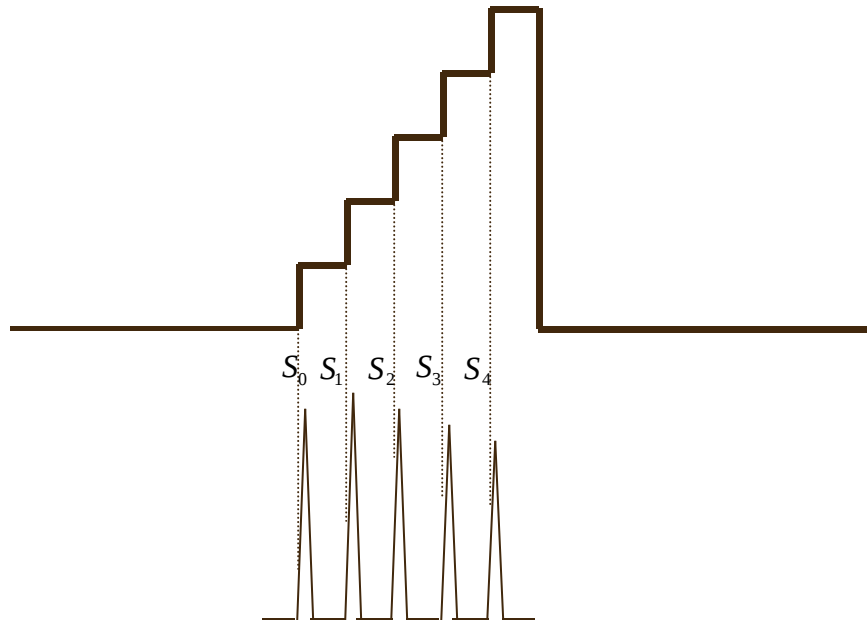
DP X+Y(peak to peak)

$$D_{16} = D_{12} + D_{14} [\text{degree}]$$

5) Luminance non-linearity step

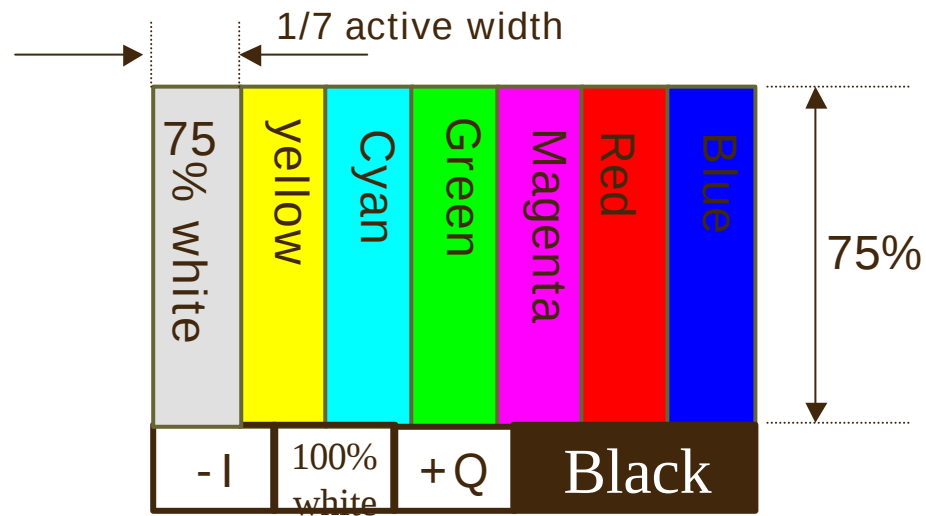
4. Video

$$D_{10} = \frac{\text{Max pulse amplitude} - \text{Min pulse amplitude}}{\text{Max pulse amplitude}} \times 100$$
$$= \frac{\text{Max}(S_0 \sim S_4) - \text{Min}(S_0 \sim S_4)}{\text{Max}(S_0 \sim S_4)} \times 100[\%]$$

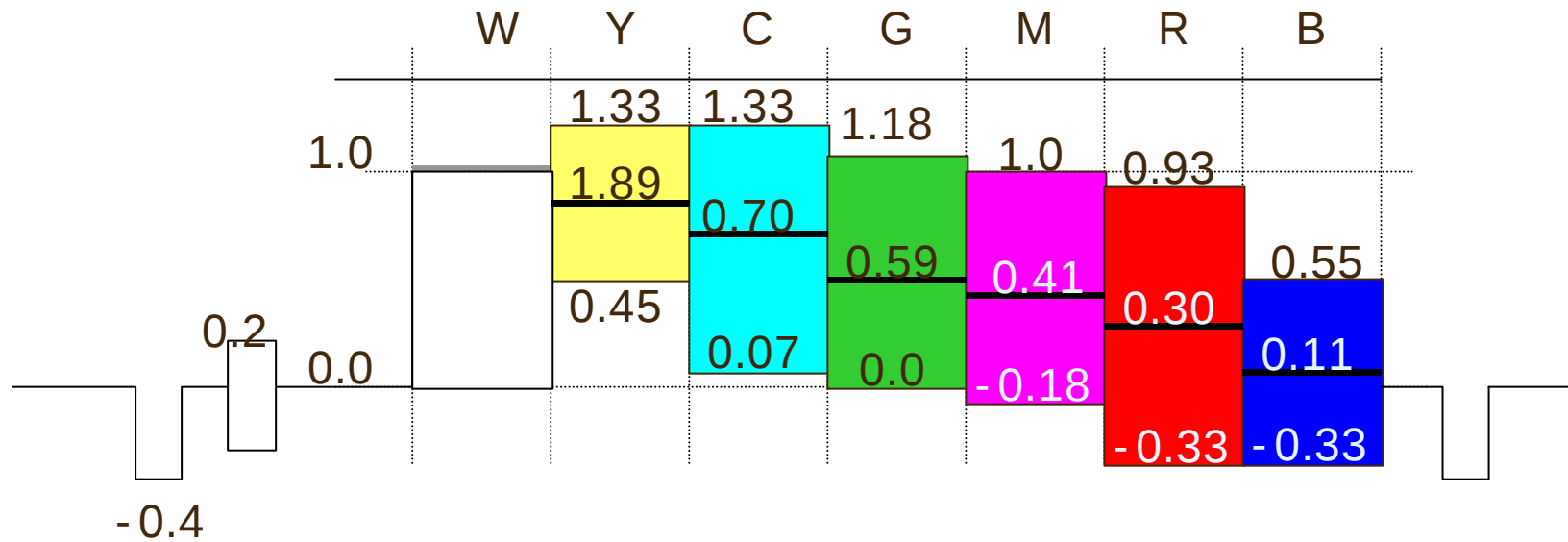


□ Video

- EIA Color Bar
- EIA(Electronic Industries Association:)
- EIA Color Bar :



(1) 100% color bar



NTSC

가 33%

:

$$E_R - E_Y \quad 1/1.14 = 0.877$$

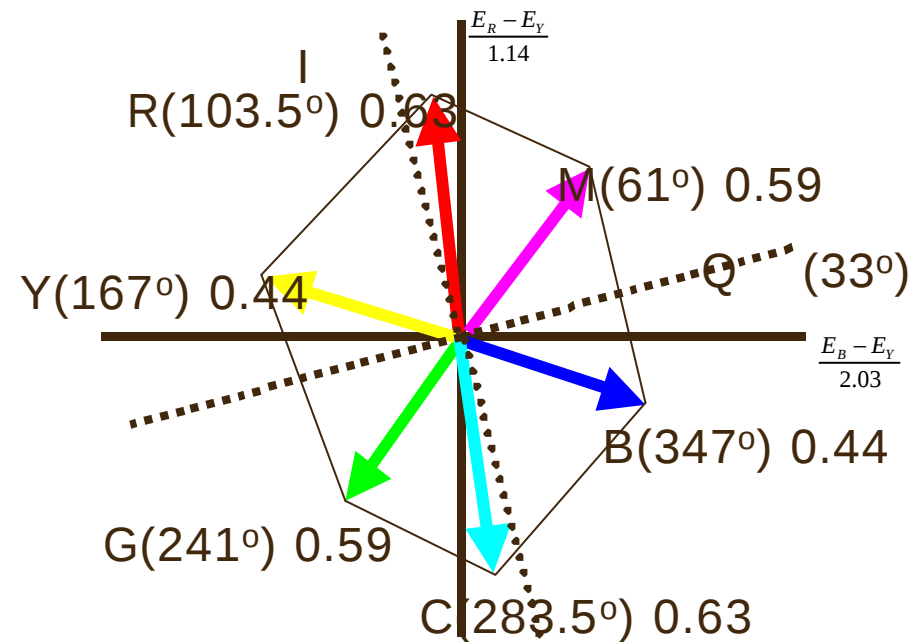
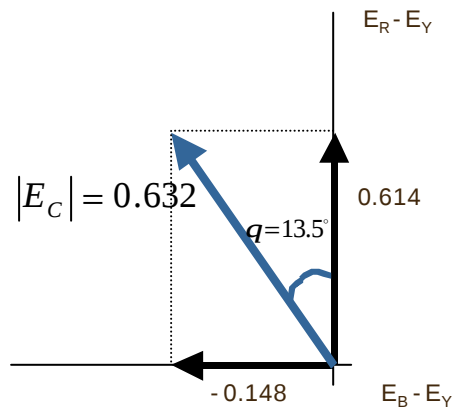
$$E_B - E_Y \quad 1/2.03 = 0.493$$

$$|E_C| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{E_R - E_Y}{1.14}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{E_B - E_Y}{2.03}\right)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\left(\frac{0.70}{1.14}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{0.30}{2.03}\right)^2} = 0.632$$

$$q = \tan^{-1} \frac{1.14}{2.03} \times \frac{E_B - E_Y}{E_R - E_Y}$$

$$= \tan^{-1} \frac{1.14}{2.03} \times \frac{0.3}{0.7} = \tan^{-1} \frac{0.342}{1.421} \approx 13.5^\circ$$



(2) 75%
- 100%

:

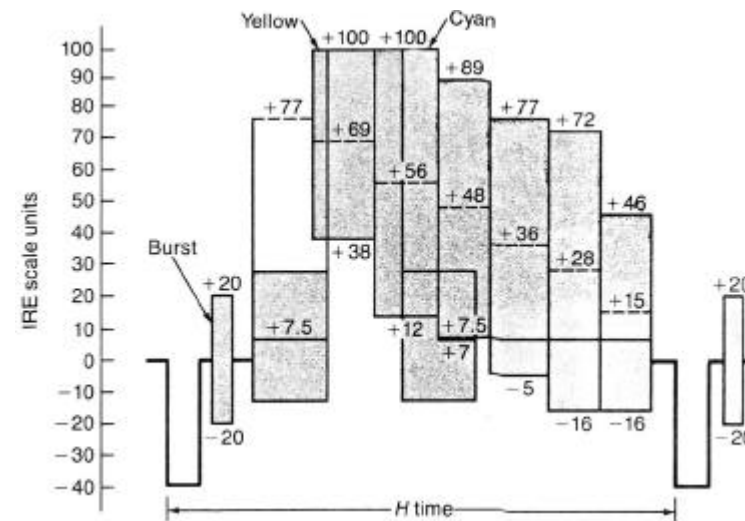
:
+33%
-33%



-
75%

→ R.G.B.
100[IRE]

75[IRE]



)

white : $100[\text{IRE}] - 7.5[\text{IRE}] = 92.5[\text{IRE}]$
 $92.5[\text{IRE}] * 75\% = 69.375[\text{IRE}]$
 $69.375[\text{IRE}] + 7.5[\text{IRE}] = 77[\text{IRE}]$
. 7.5[IRE]=black setup level

red : $69.375[\text{IRE}] * 0.3 = 20.813[\text{IRE}]$
 $20.813[\text{IRE}] + 7.5[\text{IRE}] = 28[\text{IRE}]$

yellow : $69.375 * 0.89 = 61.74$
 $61.74 + 7.5 = 69[\text{IRE}]$

(3)

C(Chroma)

Yellow

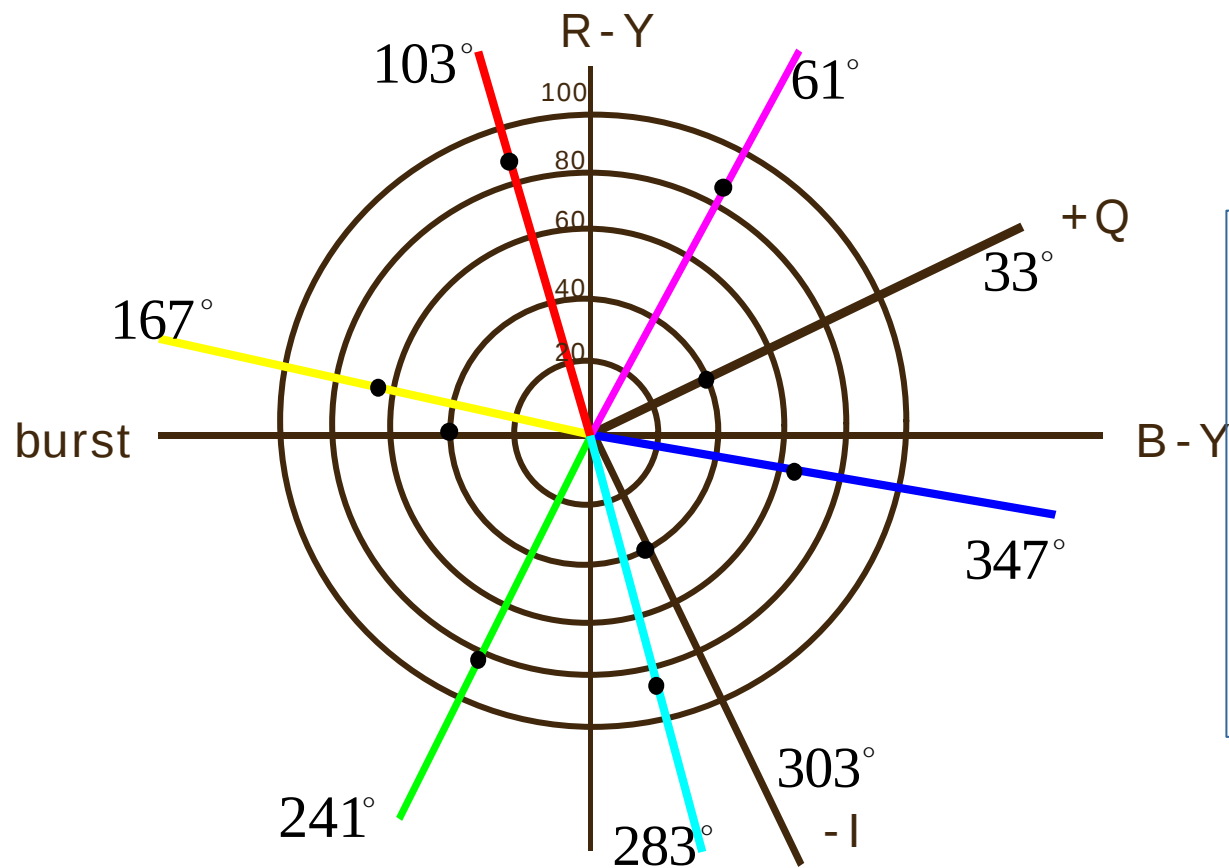
 $69 \pm 31 \Rightarrow \text{peak value: } 100[\text{IRE}]$

Cyan

 $56 \pm 44 \Rightarrow \text{peak value: } 100[\text{IRE}]$

(4)

- 75%



)		
yellow	62[IRE]	167°
Cyan	88[IRE]	283°
burst	40[IRE]	180°
+Q	40[IRE]	33°
-I	40[IRE]	303°

o 75%

Y

C

IRE

.

White

$$1) Y: 100 - 7.5 = 92.5$$

$$92.5 \times 0.75 = 69.375$$

$$69.375 + 7.5 = 76.875 \approx 77 \text{ IRE}$$

$$2) C: C = \sqrt{E_I^2 + E_Q^2}, \quad q = \tan^{-1} \frac{E_Q}{E_I}$$

$$E_I = 0.60E_R - 0.28E_G - 0.32E_B$$

$$= 0.60 - 0.28 - 0.32 = 0.0$$

$$E_Q = 0.21E_R - 0.52E_G + 0.31E_B$$

$$= 0.0$$

$$\therefore C = 0, \quad q = \tan^{-1} \frac{0}{0}$$

Yellow

$$1) Y: 69.375 \quad 89\%$$

$$69.375 \times 0.89 = 61.744$$

$$61.744 + 7.5 = 69.24 \approx 69 \text{ IRE}$$

$$2) C:$$

$$E_I = 0.60 - 0.28 = 0.32$$

$$E_Q = 0.21 - 0.52 = -0.31$$

$$\therefore C = \sqrt{0.32^2 + (-0.31)^2} = 0.446$$

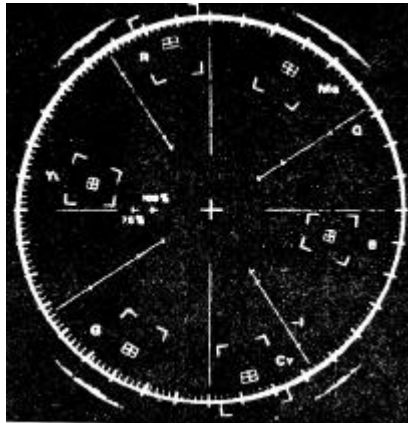
$$q = \tan^{-1} \frac{-0.31}{0.32} = -44.09$$

$$0.446 \quad 69.375$$

$$69.375 \times 0.446 = 30.94 \approx 31 [\text{IRE}]$$

(5)

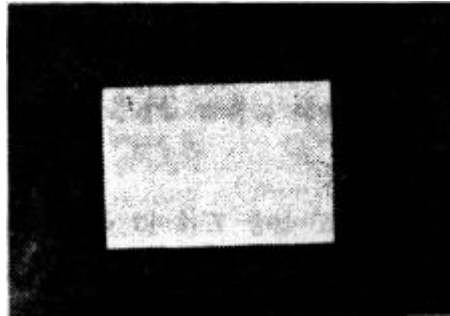
Video



- B-Y R-Y .
 - IRE .
 - (inner): $\pm 2.5[\text{IRE}]$, $\pm 2.5^\circ$
 - (outer): $\pm 20[\text{IRE}]$, $\pm 10^\circ$
 - 가
- 가, 가
- 가 .



(window signal)



100% , 가 : =2:1



ringing, over shoot, streaking, smear



square-wave 가 tilt .

tilt [%]

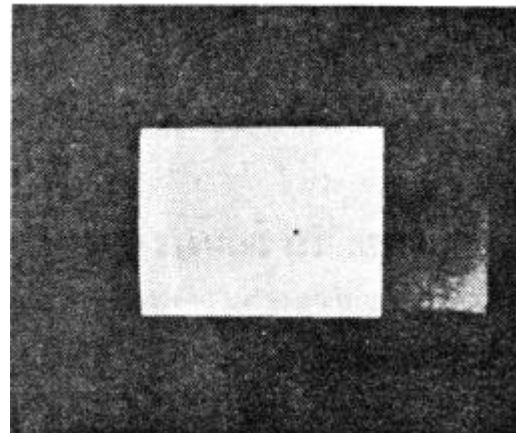
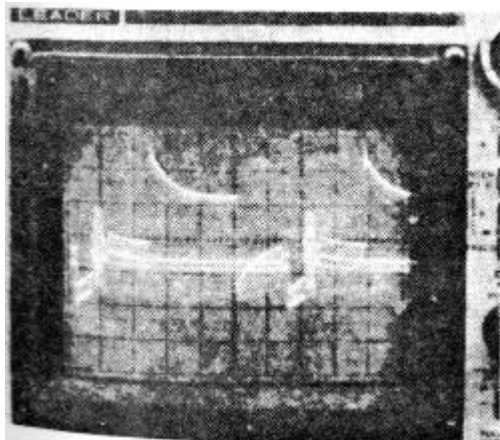
) : 100[IRE], : 80[IRE]

$100[\text{IRE}] - 80[\text{IRE}] = 20[\text{IRE}] \rightarrow 20\% \text{ tilt}$



tilt 1% ~ 2%

tilt





(window
signal)

□ Ringing :

□ Over shoot : ringing 가 cycle

가

.

□ Streaking : TV

,

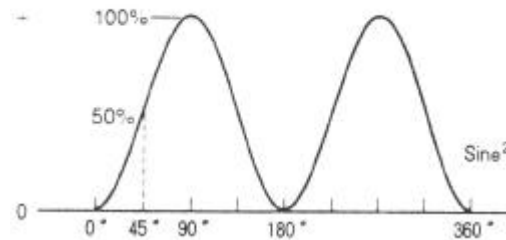
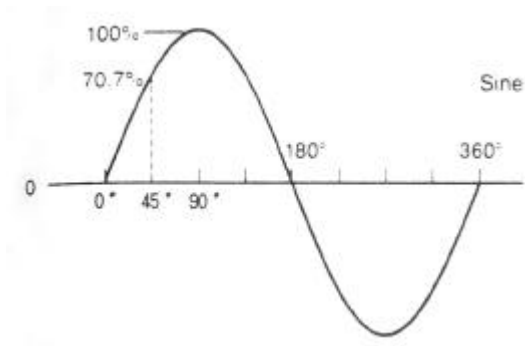
가

. →

□ Smear :

□ Sine²

- sine2



1) T sine²

- T HAD(Half-Amplitude Duration) : 0.125[ms]

53.5[ms] unblanked

426

4[MHz] video

(53.3/0.125=426, 1/(2* 0.125)=4[MHz])

- T sine²

4MHz → 1/2 (50%)

8MHz → 0

2) $2T \sin^2$

- $\frac{2}{2} = 0.25 [] \text{ HAD}$
- $2T \sin^2$

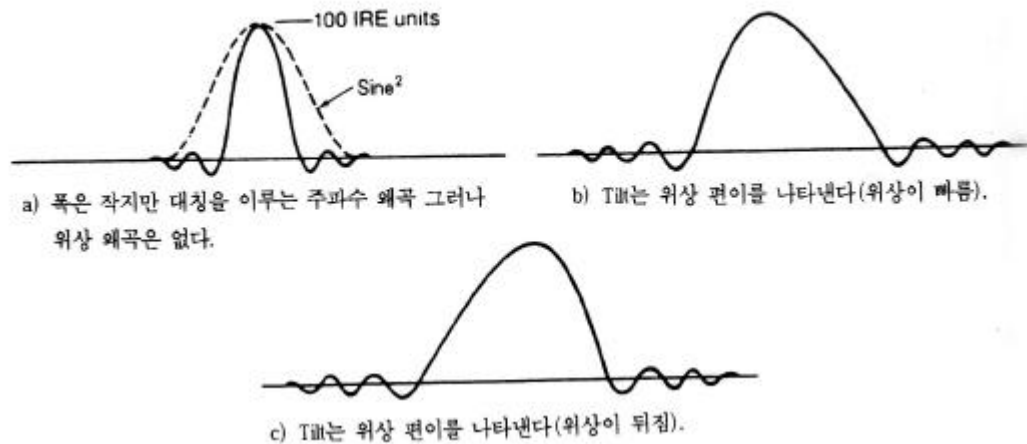
$\sin^2$

$2\text{MHz} \rightarrow 1/2 (50\%)$

$4\text{MHz} \rightarrow 0$

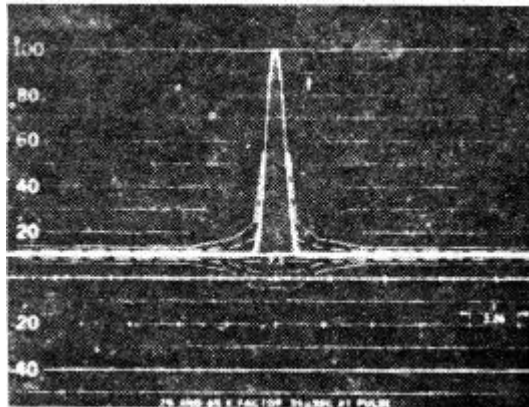
3) $\sin^2$

- 4MHz , , $2T$
- $\sin^2$
- Overshoot undershoot TV .



4) K

Sine²



☐ Sine2

waveform monitor

☐ K

sine2

☐ K

4%,

2%

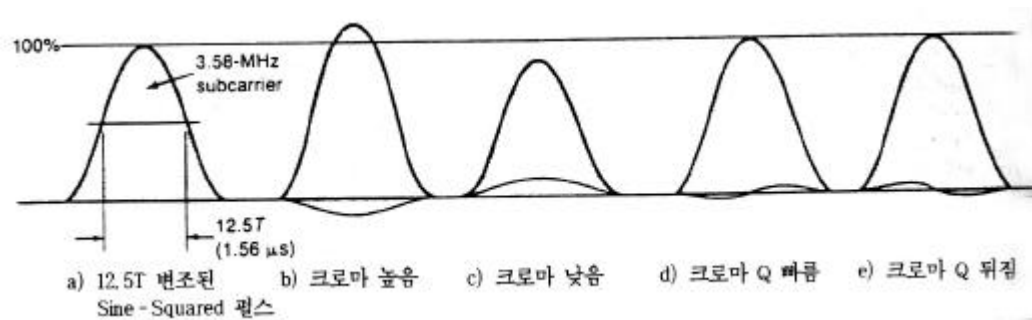
5) 20T 12.5T

• T 2T

• 3.58MHz

• 12.5T HAD = 1.56[] → 640KHz

• 가 12.5T

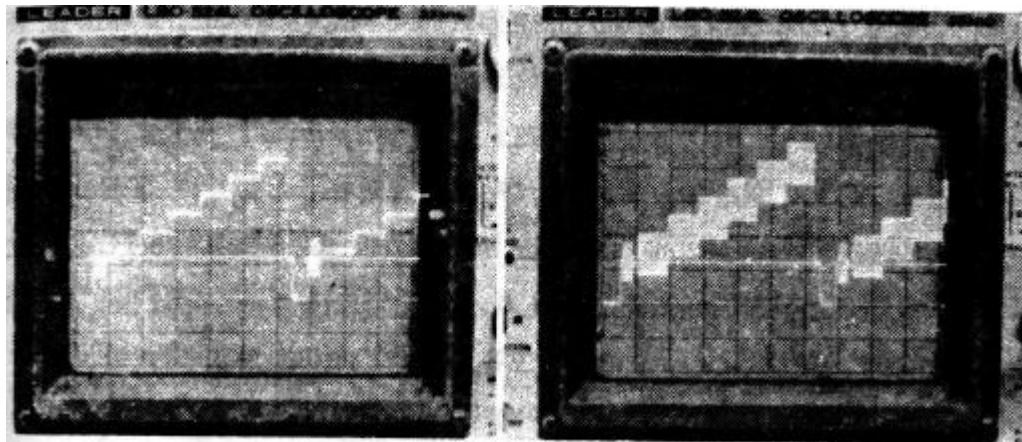


□ Stair- Step

- Stair-step system

가

-
- Stair-step stair-step



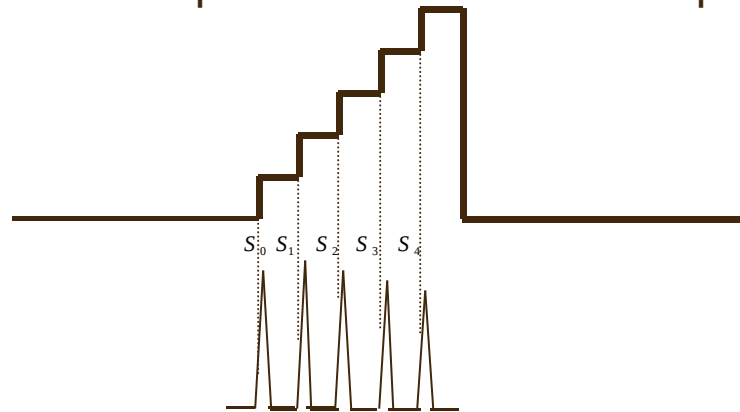
Stair-step signal

Modulated stair-step signal

(1) Differential Stair Step

☐ Stair-step

spike



Stair- Step

(2) stair-step

☐

☐ 3.58MHz setting , Y

(3) Differential Gain(DG)

☐ [%]

☐ 4[%] DG .

(4) Differential Phase(DP)

☐ [%]

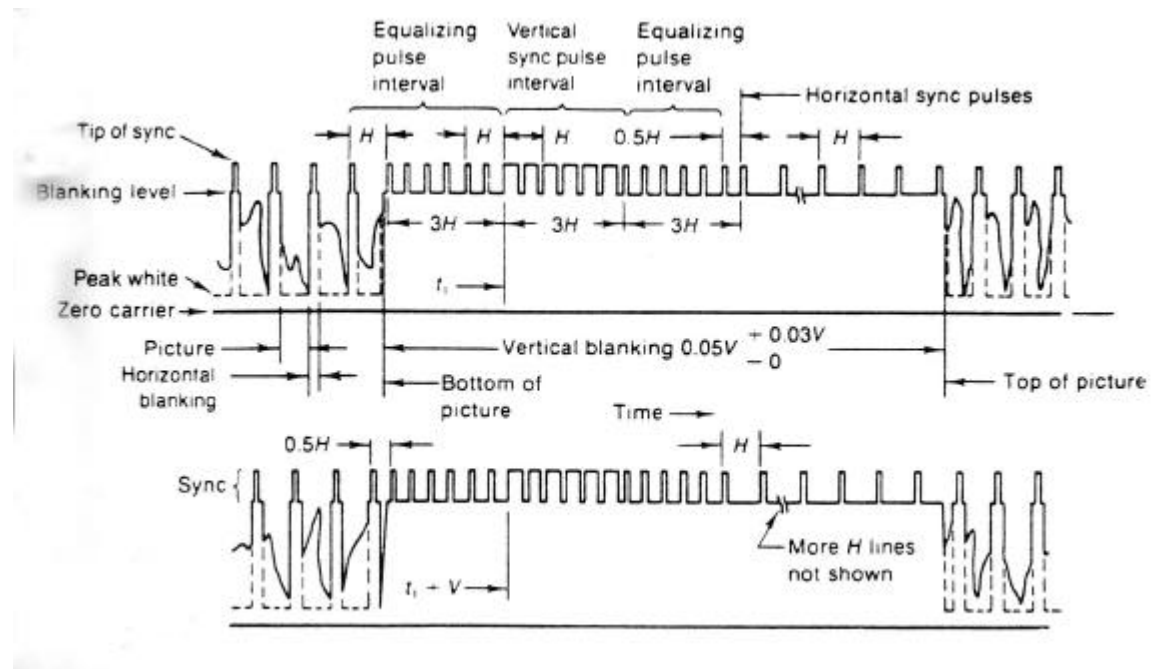
☐ 4° .



21

9

12

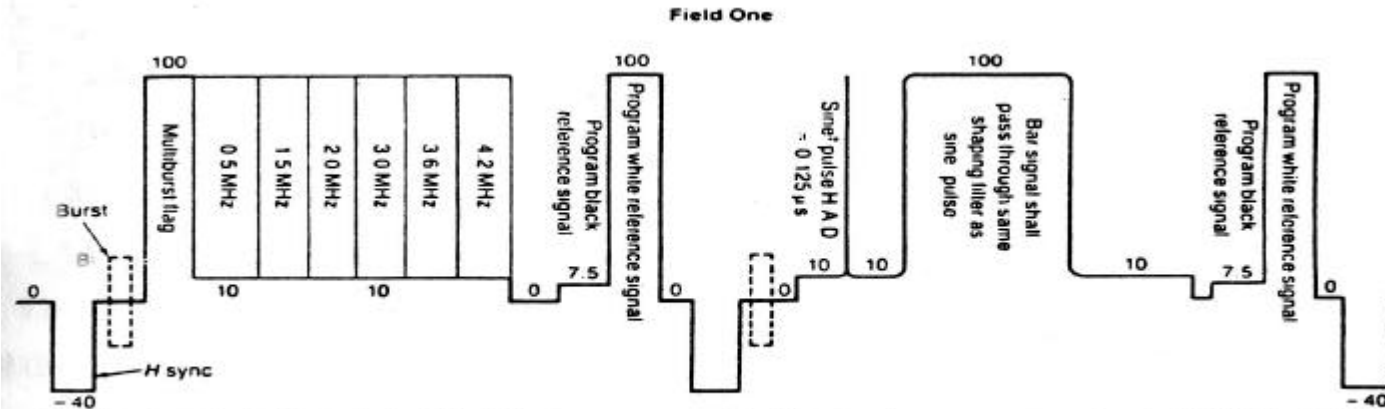


sync blanking pulse detail

(1) VITS (vertical interval Test signal)

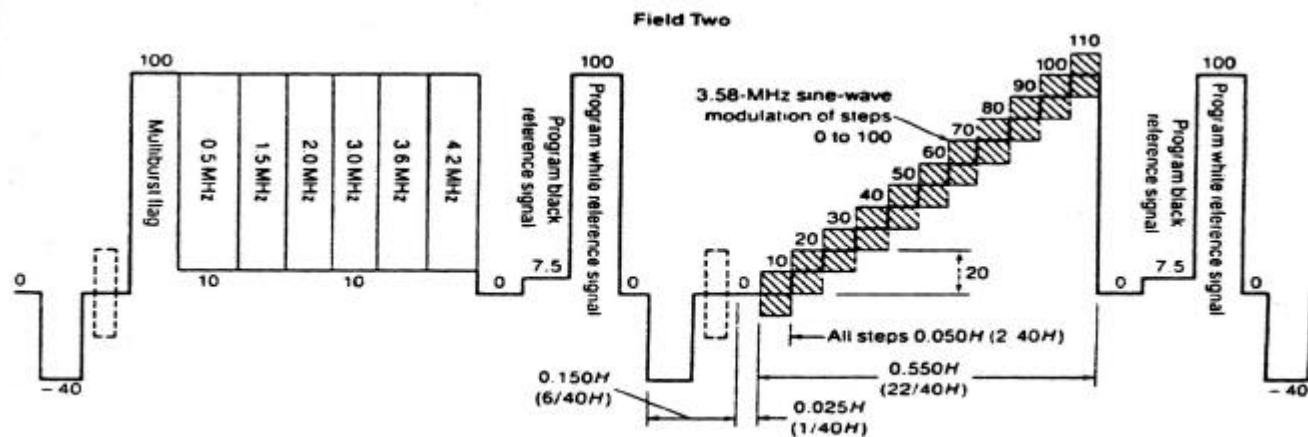
-NTC(The Network Transmission Committee)

VITS



a) 기수 펄드(멀티버어스트)에서의 라인 17.

b) 기수 펄드(Sine-Squared 펄스와 바)에서의 라인 18.



c) 우수 펄드(멀티버어스트)에서의 라인 17.

d) 우수 펄드(변조된 Stair-Step 펄스)에서의 라인 18(EIA)

(2) VIRS(Vertical Interval Reference signal)

- blanking line 19
VIRS

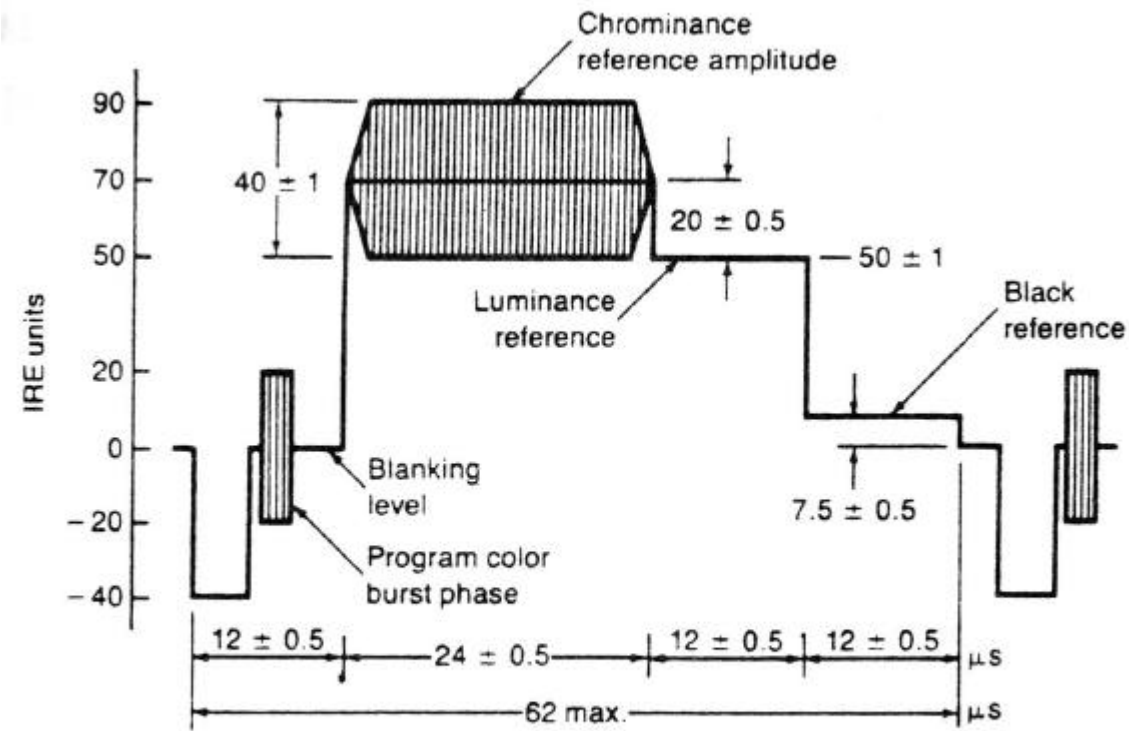


그림 6.31 우수 및 기수 필드의 수직 Blanking 간격 중에 라인 19에 송신된 VIRS의 상세도.